NIGERIA AT THE CROSSROADS

The Case for Action

Congressional Briefing - April 2026

Mike Arnold
Africa Arise International
MikeArnold.org

Download at IDPJustice.org

CROSSROADS

Nigeria: 6th largest nation on earth, on track to be 3rd largest by 2050. About 20 percent of Africa's population. Top 5 OPEC. Trillion dollars in minerals. A cultural powerhouse.

Nigerians are among the most educated and wealthy immigrant groups in the US — and they do it with integrity, sharing the values that made America great.

Last year, Gen. Michael Langley, AFRICOM, labeled the region anchored by Northern Nigeria the epicenter of global terror. ISIS, Al Qaeda, and others call it home. Their stated ambition: full Sharia in Nigeria, then global jihad. The recent Old Dominion shooter was radicalized there.

Two scenarios: America's greatest African ally, innovative, peaceful and prosperous — or the greatest security threat of our lifetime, a sharia-exporting giant.

HISTORY

In 1804, Usman dan Fodio waged a jihad and founded the Sokoto Caliphate — Africa's largest pre-colonial empire. Same pattern as today: beheading, rape, destruction, displacement. Two million slaves at its peak. This Caliphate has never ended.

The British found two worlds — brutal Sharia North, and vibrant, friendly South. They kept the Caliphate intact as enforcers, then merged the two in 1914. Found oil in the South in the 50s, nationalized it, and at independence in 1960 handed full control to the North. They have since extracted at least two trillion dollars of oil at today's prices.

The South declared independence in 1967. Biafra — then the fastest-growing economic region on earth for a decade. In the civil war that followed, the British backed the North, which blockaded the South. Shot down Red Cross planes. Up to three million, mostly children, starved to death.

The South fell in 1970. Since then, power has stayed in the North by design. The current constitution, imposed by a Northern military dictator, mentions Sharia and Islamic terms 165 times. Christianity: zero.

At least $9 billion a year in blood minerals are looted -- mainly by China — paying jihadis, and corrupting military and political officials. Former Pres. Goodluck Jonathan made me aware of this in his living room in Abuja. I visited Bokkos in Plateau State a few months after the 2023 Christmas massacre and witnessed mountains of dirt from mining the abandoned lands.

KEY PEOPLE

Barack Obama unleashed the current genocide. In 2010 — my first trip — Nigeria had an accidental Christian president, Goodluck Jonathan. Booming economy. Only nation on earth where radical Islam was being pushed back. No genocide, virtually no displaced.

A northern warlord challenged: **Muhammadu Buhari**. Publicly called for Sharia law across Nigeria and globally. Boko Haram chose him to mediate with the government. David Axelrod was his campaign advisor. Obama blocked US counterterrorism support to Jonathan. Blocked other nations from helping. Jihadists flooded in from North Africa. Villages massacred. Millions

displaced, raped, kidnapped, enslaved. Churches burned. Buhari ran on ending the insecurity, and was declared winner. The killing only got worse.

The Sultan of Sokoto — like pope and king to 108 million Muslims, Dan Fodio's 20th-generation heir. He was a Nigerian general, deployed to Pakistan and Afghanistan during the War on Terror, when we captured Nigerian fighters alongside Taliban and Al Qaida. He returned and assumed the throne in 2006. International terror tactics and organizations appeared soon after. He has never decreed an end to the killing or mineral looting in his domain, but has called social media a terrorist group. In 2025 he publicly supported the push for Sharia in traditionally Christian, Southern states.

President Bola Tinubu — One of his college admission transcripts identifies him as a woman. Another is from a school that didn't exist on the date printed on it. He has three different birthdays. In 1993 he forfeited $460,000 to a federal court in Chicago — proceeds of a heroin-trafficking investigation — and fled the US. He has appointed a man to rewrite the national curriculum whose defining credential is the book *The Islamization of Knowledge* - which explicitly calls for ”intellectual Jihad” to “oust” Western education “from nursery schools up to the Universities.” His new Defense Chief has called the terrorists "prodigal sons who deserve rehabilitation."

NSA Nuhu Ribadu personally called me October 5 to be Nigeria's Jane Fonda. It is documented he armed Miyetti Allah — the Fulani militia chaired by the Sultan and named in HR 7457 for potential FTO designation. He has publicly called the terrorists his "brothers." In December, signed a $9 million lobby contract — same firm that also manages atrocity narratives for Myanmar and Kazakhstan.

Massad Boulos — Trump's Senior Advisor for Africa — holds multiple citizenships including Nigerian. Lived in Lagos for decades. Parrots verbatim talking points of terror-linked Northern imams. He is CEO of his family company, which currently profits from multi-billion dollar no-bid contracts issued by Tinubu to his close associate. He is Tiffany Trump's father-in-law.

EXAMPLES OF ONGOING FAILURES AND IMPUNITY

Ngoshe, Borno State — wiped out in the Gwoza Massacre of 2014. The government recently assured refugees in Cameroon it was safe and paid them to return. Within weeks, on March 3, Boko Haram slaughtered dozens, more than 300 abducted into slavery, including the wife and daughter of a personal acquaintance. The military was largely AWOL. Attacks continue there.

Deborah Samuel Yakubu — 2022, college student. After finals she posted: "Jesus is the greatest, he helped me pass my exams." Next day on campus, as professors and police watched, she was beaten, stoned, tires heaped on her, and burned alive while students filmed selfies celebrating in front of the flames. The deputy imam of the national mosque, who performed Buhari’s daughter’s wedding, publicly justified the killing within 24 hours on his own Twitter account. No one was punished.

Nnamdi Kanu — British-Nigerian broadcaster from London — illegally abducted from Kenya, tried under a defunct law, now serving life in Sokoto for words spoken in Great Britain. Meanwhile, a northern imam recently offered a one million naira bounty for the head of a pastor, then doubled it to taunt his critics. No charges. No official condemnation.

The Nigerian government goes to great expense to "rehabilitate" the killers, while millions of innocent displaced victims are denied, neglected, and dying.

THE NARRATIVE WAR

"Farmer-herder" and "climate change" framing started in the Obama State Department. **The original reference document was written by a career Sharia propagandist paid by George Soros.**

At least $10 million in confirmed US lobbying contracts are now running. Former top Trump administration staff, Nigerian government lobbyists, Northern imams, foreign agents, conflicted advisors, and now Russian state television, are among those working together to shield this regime from accountability.

The real narrative is this: **Nigeria is in the throes of an Islamic conquest.** Since 2009 they have slaughtered as many as 125,000 Christians and 60,000 peaceful Muslims. This is not simply a religious freedom issue. It is urgent national and global security.

THE EMERGENCY

As many as ten to twelve million, mostly youth, are now displaced. Fifty to sixty percent radicalization projected by 2030 without intervention. Most are denied by the government, who call them beggars, criminals, vagrants. Without intervention, this could yield 5 to 6 million more jihadists over the next few years.

Intervention is not hard. The international community has the money and mandate to help – if the displaced are simply recognized. In 2015 UNHCR documented multiple displacement camps in Abuja. Today it denies those camps exist.

I have run schools in those same camps since 2020 – more than 600 students today. I affirm: the cycle of violence is not inborn or inevitable. Yes, children who saw their parents hacked to death often show up wanting to go back for revenge — but with an education, they gain character, hope and vision, and want to go back to rebuild.

WHAT MUST HAPPEN

Nigeria has long been strangled by radical islamists, predatory extraction, globalist meddling, and institutional corruption.

Working *with* the Nigerian government to end the genocide is like working with the Third Reich to end the holocaust. They smile and spin as they wait for Trump to leave office. Since CPC designation, killing and impunity have only gotten worse.

Sanctions will not work. They will pivot East.

Intentional denial of recognition and aid to displaced in this circumstance meets the legal standard of genocide. This is provable. **Indict the Tinubu administration**. Arrest them.

Conduct a valid census and evidentiary debriefing of the displaced. They are eyewitnesses to genocide. And they need help.

Investigate the Sultan of Sokoto as a terror sponsor. Circumstantial evidence demands it.

We know where the militant camps are. **Wipe them out. And bring enablers to justice.**

Demand the release of Mazi Nnamdi Kanu and other prisoners of conscience. Offer asylum protection to them and others threatened by this regime.

Ensure a free election in 2027. It can be done for the cost of a Tomahawk missile volley. Tinubu was declared winner with less than 9 million votes in a nation of 230 million. A free election changes everything. Let the people vote on a new constitution and self-determination. Like so many other British colonial contraptions designed to fail, separation is likely inevitable -- and it is just.

THE TIME IS NOW

Nigeria is at a crossroads - it will become either a peaceful, prosperous ally, or a massive launchpad for global jihad.

There's no going back to the status quo — if the world turns away, after this unprecedented scrutiny, the backlash will be bloody and absolute.

The window is closing. We must call this what it is, and intervene now, or the current genocide will grow and draw more innocent blood -- not just there, but here in the United States.

Thank you.

A Note on Sourcing

This document provides citations and source material for every significant factual claim in the Nigeria briefing. Claims are organized in the order they appear in the spoken text. Sourcing methodology draws on the established system developed for *EPICENTER: Nigeria, Radical Islam, and the War for Global Order* (2026) and the Official Fact Finding Report Part Two (November 2025).

Where death toll figures are used, this document relies on Intersociety (International Society for Civil Liberties and Rule of Law), whose methodology is broader than ACLED's "targeted political violence" definition. Intersociety's cumulative counts include faith-linked killings through communal violence that disproportionately targets Christian-majority and non-violent Muslim populations. Independent verification is limited across the board by access constraints, fragmented local reporting, and the absence of a single authoritative civilian-casualty register in Nigeria.

Personal observations: Claims marked as author's direct witness are based on the author's sixteen trips to Nigeria between 2010 and 2025, including extensive documentation through video, photography, and written records — forming the basis of the forthcoming documentary Me & Ms. Hanatu.

Private conversations: Some quotes derive from the author's private conversations with Nigerian officials, military leaders, and traditional rulers. These are identified as such in the relevant endnote.

CROSSROADS

1. Nigeria, 6th largest nation on earth, on track to be 3rd largest by 2050: United Nations Department of Economic and Social Affairs, World Population Prospects 2024. Nigeria's current population is approximately 230–240 million, 6th largest globally. UN projections place Nigeria as the 3rd most populous nation by 2050, behind only India and China.

2. Nearly a quarter of Africa's population: Nigeria represents roughly 15–17% of Africa's total population, not a literal quarter. The "quarter" figure is frequently cited in informal reference and reflects Nigeria's outsized demographic weight within West Africa and the African continent. A more conservative phrasing would be "approximately one-sixth." World Bank and UN population data.

3. Top 5 OPEC: Organization of the Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC) membership data. Nigeria is consistently ranked among the top 5 OPEC producers by proven reserves, though production rankings fluctuate with output disruptions. Nigeria holds Africa's second-largest proven oil reserves (after Libya).

4. Trillion dollars in minerals: Nigeria Extractive Industries Transparency Initiative (NEITI) reports; Nigerian Minister of Solid Minerals Development estimates. Nigeria's untapped mineral wealth — including gold, tin, columbite, lithium, iron ore, and rare earths — has been estimated by Nigerian government officials at between $700 billion and $1 trillion+ at current commodity prices.

5. Nigerians among the most educated and wealthy immigrant groups in the US: U.S. Census Bureau American Community Survey; Migration Policy Institute analysis; Sakamoto et al., "The Socioeconomic Attainments of Second-Generation Nigerian and Other Black Americans," Socius (2021) — documenting 73.5% college graduation rate and 14% doctoral/professional degrees among second-generation Nigerian Americans. Harvard Business School diversity statistics. Nigerian Americans hold among the highest rates of advanced degrees of any U.S. immigrant group.

6. Gen. Michael Langley, AFRICOM, labeled the region anchored by Northern Nigeria the epicenter of global terror: General (ret.) Michael Langley, Commander, U.S. Africa Command. Statement delivered at the African Chiefs of Defense Conference, Nairobi, Kenya, May 29, 2025: "It is the epicenter of terrorism on the globe." Langley specifically identified the Sahel region, with Nigeria included by geographic reference. The 2025 Global Terrorism Index reported the Sahel accounted for 51% of global terrorism deaths. Langley also warned (May–June 2025) of terrorist efforts to secure coastal access and of threats reaching the U.S. homeland.

7. ISIS, Al Qaeda, and others call it home: Combating Terrorism Center at West Point, multiple analyses; Long War Journal reporting on African jihadist networks; SITE Intelligence Group, multiple reports on ISWAP and Boko Haram. Active groups documented operating in Nigeria include: Boko Haram (Jama'at Ahl al-Sunna li al-Da'wa wa al-Jihad), Islamic State West Africa Province (ISWAP), Ansaru, JNIM (al-Qaeda's Sahel franchise operating across the Nigeria–Niger border), Lakurawa, and numerous armed Fulani militia formations.

8. Full Sharia in Nigeria, then global jihad: Boko Haram and ISWAP recruitment videos, multiple years, documented by SITE Intelligence Group. Recruitment messaging explicitly identifies Nigeria as phase one of caliphate revival. See also Mohammad Yusuf founding statements of Boko Haram, documented in academic and intelligence literature.

9. The recent Old Dominion shooter was radicalized there: Mohamed Bailor Jalloh, 36, naturalized U.S. citizen from Sierra Leone. On March 12, 2026, Jalloh attacked an ROTC class at Old Dominion

University in Norfolk, Virginia, shouting "Allahu Akbar" and killing Lt. Col. Brandon Shah before being subdued by ROTC cadets. Per 2016 FBI affidavit filed in his original criminal case (Jalloh served approximately 8 years in federal prison for providing material support to ISIS before re-enrolling at ODU), Jalloh was radicalized while "briefly living in Nigeria in August 2015," after meeting with Islamic State members and an "ISIL facilitator" who pushed him to join ISIL in Libya. Sources: Virginian-Pilot reporting (March 2026); AP; Fox News; PBS NewsHour; Wikipedia entry on 2026 Old Dominion University shooting; FBI 2016 affidavit (publicly filed).

HISTORY

10. 1804, Usman dan Fodio launched the Sokoto Caliphate — Africa's largest pre-colonial empire — through jihad: Murray Last, The Sokoto Caliphate (Longman, 1967); Toyin Falola & Matthew Heaton, A History of Nigeria (Cambridge University Press, 2008); Paul Lovejoy, Transformations in Slavery: A History of Slavery in Africa (Cambridge University Press, 3rd ed. 2011). Standard historical record. Dan Fodio's jihad (1804–1808) overthrew the Hausa kingdoms and established the Sokoto Caliphate, which at its peak encompassed most of what is now Northern Nigeria and portions of Niger, Cameroon, and Burkina Faso.

11. Two million slaves at its peak: Lovejoy, Transformations in Slavery (Cambridge University Press). Scholarly estimates of the Sokoto Caliphate's slave population in the late 19th century range from approximately 1 million to 2.5 million, making it one of the largest slaveholding societies in history at that time. The figure of 2 million represents the commonly cited peak estimate in academic literature.

12. This Caliphate has never ended: The British abolished only the political sovereignty of the Sokoto Caliphate after the military defeat of 1903. The institution itself was preserved, and in Islamic jurisprudence remains a caliphate to this day. The title "Sultan of Sokoto" is a British colonial rebranding; the current holder is equivalently referred to as the Sokoto Caliph, and retains the classical Islamic title Amir al-Mu'minin ("Commander of the Faithful") — a title reserved in Islamic tradition for the head of a caliphate, not a sultanate. Within the Muslim community, he is also styled Sarkin Musulmi ("King of the Muslims" in Hausa) and Lamido Julbe (Fulani). Sultan Muhammad Sa'ad Abubakar III, enthroned November 2, 2006, is the 20th Caliph in direct hereditary succession from Usman dan Fodio. He serves as President-General of the Nigerian Supreme Council for Islamic Affairs (NSCIA) and exercises spiritual authority over an estimated 108 million Nigerian Muslims. Sources: Wikipedia entry on the List of Sultans of Sokoto (documenting the equivalence of "Sultan of Sokoto" with "Sokoto Caliph" and "Amir-ul-Momineen"); Wikipedia entry on the Sokoto Caliphate (documenting the British retention of the title and ongoing religious authority); Sokoto State Government official website; The Muslim 500 profile; Religions for Peace leadership profiles; Newsweek, "Why John Kerry Visited Nigeria's Sultan of Sokoto," August 31, 2016. Academic attestation to the living continuation of the Sokoto Caliphate as an Islamic polity is documented in Islamic studies literature, including the recognition of the office of khalīfa of the Jama'a of 'Uthmān Dan Fodio in both Nigeria and the Sudanese diaspora community at Maiurno.

13. The British found two worlds... kept the Caliphate intact as enforcers, then merged the two in 1914: Lord Lugard amalgamation of the Northern and Southern Protectorates, January 1, 1914. Standard historical record. The British adopted "indirect rule" in Northern Nigeria, preserving the emirate system and the Sokoto Caliphate structure in exchange for administrative cooperation. See Michael Crowder, The Story of Nigeria (Faber and Faber, 1962); Crawford Young, The African Colonial State in Comparative

Perspective (Yale University Press, 1994). Harold Smith, a British Colonial Officer posted to Nigeria in 1955, later publicly confessed to being ordered by Governor General Sir James Robertson to rig late-colonial elections in favor of Northern political interests.

14. Found oil in the South in the 50s, nationalized it, and at independence in 1960 handed full control to the North: Oil was first discovered in commercial quantities at Oloibiri in the Niger Delta in 1956. Nigerian independence was granted October 1, 1960. The political structure negotiated at independence gave the Northern Region (dominated by the Sokoto Caliphate structure and Northern People's Congress) majority representation in the federal parliament, a structural imbalance that has persisted through multiple constitutional revisions.

15. The British have since extracted at least two trillion dollars of oil at today's prices: Cumulative Nigerian oil revenue from 1958 to present, estimated at historical and constant prices. Figures vary; two trillion dollars represents a reasonable estimate of total gross extraction value at today's prices. NEITI reporting; Central Bank of Nigeria historical data; Nigerian National Petroleum Corporation (NNPC) records. The share of revenue accruing to British-origin operators (Royal Dutch Shell, BP) historically exceeded 50%.

16. Biafra — then the fastest-growing economic region on earth for a decade: Eastern Nigerian economic growth rates 1955–1965, per Nigerian Federal Office of Statistics and World Bank historical data. The Eastern Region under Premier Michael Okpara's development program achieved among the highest sustained growth rates in Africa during the pre-Civil War period.

17. The South declared independence in 1967. The British backed the North, which blockaded the South. Shot down Red Cross planes. Up to three million, mostly children, starved to death: Frederick Forsyth, The Biafra Story (Pen & Sword Military, 1969); John de St. Jorre, The Nigerian Civil War (Hodder & Stoughton, 1972). The Biafran declaration of independence was May 30, 1967. The war lasted until January 1970. British government material and political support to the Federal Military Government is extensively documented. The food blockade imposed by federal forces resulted in mass starvation; casualty estimates range from 1 million to 5 million, overwhelmingly from starvation among Igbo civilians, with children disproportionately affected. Multiple Red Cross and Joint Church Aid relief aircraft were shot down during the blockade.

18. The South fell in 1970. Since then, power has stayed in the North by design: Nigerian political history 1970–present. Of Nigeria's eight democratically elected or military heads of state since 1966, the majority have been of Northern origin. Structural features of Nigeria's federal system — including 19 states in the North versus 17 in the South, bloc voting patterns, and federal revenue allocation formulas — have preserved Northern political dominance.

19. The current constitution, imposed by a Northern military dictator: The 1999 Constitution of the Federal Republic of Nigeria was promulgated by General Abdulsalami Abubakar, a Northern Muslim military ruler of Hausa ethnic origin, by military decree under the Provisional Ruling Council. The constitution was not ratified by popular referendum. It was finalized by a panel appointed by Abubakar and adopted three weeks before the handover to President Olusegun Obasanjo on May 29, 1999. Sources: Human Rights Watch, World Report 2000 (Nigeria chapter); Freedom House, Freedom in the World 1999 — Nigeria; U.S. Congressional Research Service, Nigeria in Political Transition (2006); Abubakar Wikipedia entry and standard Nigerian legal scholarship. Civil society organizations including

Nigerian legal scholars have consistently characterized the 1999 Constitution's adoption process as illegitimate.

20. Mentions Sharia and Islamic terms 165 times. Christianity: zero: The most frequently cited publicly verifiable count is from the End Sharia Now Campaign (2025), which documented the following in the 1999 Constitution: "Sharia" appears 73 times, "Islam" appears 28 times, "Muslim(s)" appears 10 times (total 111 mentions of these three terms). The figure of 165 mentions reflects a broader accounting that includes additional Islamic terms such as Quran, Kadi (Islamic judge), Hisbah, Zakat, Ramadan, Hajj, and the institutional framework of Sharia Courts of Appeal at both federal and state levels (Sections 260–264, 275–279, and related provisions). Christianity is not mentioned in the constitution. Source: End Sharia Now Campaign investigation and petition (2025), coordinated by convener Benson Sunday; CSI International reporting; author's own constitutional analysis. The essential fact — that the constitution institutionally recognizes Islamic law while being entirely silent on Christianity — is undisputed.

21. Mainly China is looting at least $9 billion a year in blood minerals: Nigerian Extractive Industries Transparency Initiative (NEITI) reports; Global Witness investigations into illicit mineral flows from Nigeria; Conflict Armament Research documentation of illicit weapons and mineral flows. Illicit gold, tin, and lithium extraction from Plateau, Zamfara, Kaduna, and other conflict-affected states is estimated by multiple monitoring bodies at $9 billion or more annually, with Chinese entities identified as dominant end-buyers. See also Amnesty International reporting on illegal mining in Zamfara.

22. Former Pres. Goodluck Jonathan tipped me off to this in his living room: Private conversation between the author and former President Goodluck Ebele Jonathan (President of Nigeria, 2010–2015), Abuja, April 2024. Documented in the author's Africa Arise International records. President Jonathan's formal acknowledgment of the author's humanitarian work (letter dated 27th April 2024, Office of Goodluck Ebele Jonathan, OGEJ/AB/HE/083/2704-24) is on file and reproduced in author's published materials.

23. Bokkos in Plateau State, 2023 Christmas massacre, strip mining: The Bokkos Christmas Eve Massacre of December 23–25, 2023, killed approximately 200 Christians across dozens of villages south of Jos in Plateau State. Widely covered by international press including the Associated Press, Reuters, the BBC, and multiple Nigerian outlets. Author visited the affected area in April 2024 and documented illegal mineral extraction operations on depopulated ancestral lands — documented in photo and video records forming part of the author's field archive and the forthcoming documentary Me & Ms. Hanatu.

KEY PEOPLE

24. Barack Obama unleashed the current genocide... 2010, accidental Christian president Goodluck Jonathan, economy booming, only nation on earth where radical Islam was being pushed back. No slaughter, no displaced: Jonathan assumed the acting presidency in February 2010 following the illness of President Umaru Musa Yar'Adua, and the full presidency on Yar'Adua's death in May 2010. He won election in his own right in April 2011. Nigerian GDP growth averaged approximately 6–7% annually from 2010 through 2014 (World Bank data). The Obama administration took office January 2009, and beginning in 2010 systematically blocked U.S. counterterrorism support to Nigeria and pressured allied nations (notably Israel and the United Kingdom) to do the same (see Endnote 28). Pre-2010 Nigerian IDP figures, driven primarily by intercommunal clashes and Niger Delta conflict rather than organized jihadist violence against Christians, were in the low tens of thousands. By October

2010–October 2011 (the National Emergency Management Agency's first comprehensive survey), IDP totals had reached approximately 370,000. By the 2015 transition, displacement had crossed 2 million. By 2022, academic and humanitarian sources placed cumulative displacement at more than 2.7 million; current field estimates, including unrecognized and non-camp displaced populations, place the figure at 10–12 million (see Endnote 56). The scale and geographic scope of mass civilian displacement and sectarian massacres in Nigeria tracks directly from the Obama administration's 2010 policy posture forward. Sources: NEMA historical surveys; UNHCR Nigeria country reports; IDMC Global Overview series (2011 onward); Human Rights Watch, "Those Who Returned Are Suffering" (November 2022); Amnesty International Nigeria reporting; Lara Logan Fox Nation documentary (2021) on Obama administration Nigeria policy; Walter Russell Mead, The American Interest (2014).

25. Muhammadu Buhari publicly called for Sharia law across Nigeria and globally: Buhari's commitment to Sharia — and to aligning Nigeria with the global Islamic movement — spans his military dictatorship through his presidency in a documented pattern. **(1)** As military Head of State (December 1983–August 1985), Buhari applied for Nigeria to join the Organisation of the Islamic Conference (OIC) — an explicit alignment with the transnational Islamic movement, widely viewed as a violation of Nigerian constitutional secularity. The application went through in 1986 after Babangida overthrew him, and divided the country along Muslim-Christian lines. **(2)** At the 1989 Abuja Joint Conference, the OIC formally "confirmed Nigeria as an Islamic country" and directed the Northern-controlled federal government to implement this internationally. **(3)** As a civilian in 2001, Buhari publicly declared at the first National Convention of the Supreme Council for Sharia in Nigeria (Kaduna): "I will continue to show openly and inside me the total commitment to the Sharia movement that is sweeping all over Nigeria. God willing, we will not stop the agitation for the total implementation of the Sharia in the country." He added that the spread of Sharia is "a legal responsibility which God has given us." At the 2003 National Koranic Recitation Competition in Gusau, Zamfara State, he called on all Nigerian Muslims to vote exclusively for candidates who would uphold Islam. **(4)** In 2013: "Under sharia, there is no room for secularism." **(5)** As President, in March 2016, Buhari joined Nigeria to the 34-country Saudi-led Islamic Military Counter Terrorism Coalition — placing Nigeria inside a transnational Sunni Islamic military alliance. **(6)** On May 29, 2019, Buhari was sworn in for his second term carrying a Sharia law bag — a deliberate symbolic act — and flew immediately afterward to the OIC Plenary Assembly in Saudi Arabia. Sources: Saxone Akhaine, "Nigeria: Buhari Calls for Sharia in All States," The Guardian Nigeria / allAfrica, August 27, 2001 (Supreme Council for Sharia in Nigeria convention, Arewa House, Kaduna); Babatunde Oyewole, "Insurgency and Buhari's call for full Sharia," Vanguard, December 24, 2014; ConstitutionNet, "Sharia and the Nigerian Constitution: Strange Bedfellows?" (April 2015); Femi Aribisala, "Buhari's Misguided Invitation of Shiites To Terrorism," Sahara Reporters, July 30, 2019; Vanguard News, "Buhari's invitation of Shiites to terrorism," July 30, 2019; Rev. Prof. Francis Anekwe Oborji, "Intrigues of 1989 Abuja declaration and islamization of Nigeria," Nigeria World, May 24, 2022; Florida International University (FIU) doctoral thesis on OIC–Nigeria relations; Wikipedia entry on Muhammadu Buhari; Organisation of Islamic Cooperation official records.

26. Boko Haram chose him to mediate with the government: In 2012, Boko Haram publicly named Muhammadu Buhari as one of their preferred mediators for any negotiations with the Nigerian federal government. Multiple Nigerian news sources from 2012; see also academic analyses of Boko Haram negotiation overtures documented by the Combating Terrorism Center at West Point and the International Crisis Group.

27. David Axelrod was his campaign advisor: Axelrod's firm AKPD Message and Media was hired by the Buhari 2015 presidential campaign. Washington Free Beacon (February 2015) obtained emails showing AKPD work continued through at least January 2015. See also BuzzFeed News; The Guardian (Nigeria); Premium Times; international coverage of the 2015 Nigerian election. This relationship is not disputed.

28. Obama blocked US counterterrorism support to Jonathan. Blocked other nations from helping: Multiple contemporaneous reports document the Obama administration's refusal to sell Cobra attack helicopters and other counterterrorism equipment to Nigeria during 2014, and administration pressure on allied nations (notably Israel and the United Kingdom) to similarly restrict sales. See, e.g., Walter Russell Mead, The American Interest, 2014; Lara Logan investigative reporting, Fox Nation documentary (2021); Washington Post and New York Times contemporaneous reporting. Jonathan administration officials repeatedly and publicly complained about the U.S. posture. The Obama administration formally cited human-rights concerns regarding Nigerian military conduct as justification. The Obama administration's intervention in Nigeria's internal politics extended beyond counterterrorism denial to direct electoral pressure: **(1)** Secretary of State John Kerry flew to Nigeria on January 25, 2015 to meet personally with Jonathan and Buhari, pressuring Jonathan against postponing the election despite Boko Haram controlling substantial northeastern territory. **(2)** On March 23, 2015 — five days before the March 28 vote — President Obama released a video message directly to the Nigerian people, delivered through the official White House channel, urging them to "open the next chapter" through their votes. "Next chapter" was the signature campaign slogan of Muhammadu Buhari's APC opposition — a direct echo of the opposition's messaging from the sitting U.S. president. **(3)** Jonathan lost five days later. **(4)** Obama hosted Buhari at the White House in July 2015 — Buhari's first international visit after taking office — where Buhari publicly thanked Obama for "making Nigeria to consolidate its gains on a democratic system." **(5)** In his 2018 memoir *My Transition Hours*, Jonathan publicly accused Obama of taking "the unusual step" of "plotting my defeat," stating that the Obama video "all but [told Nigerians] how to vote" and characterizing the message as "condescending, as if Nigerians did not know what to do and needed an Obama to direct them." Sources: Goodluck Jonathan, *My Transition Hours* (2018); Premium Times; Punch Nigeria, "Obama influenced 2015 election against me – Jonathan" (November 21, 2018); Daily Post Nigeria; White House Press Office archive, "Readout of the President's Calls with Nigerian President Jonathan and President-Elect Buhari" (April 1, 2015); White House Press Office archive, "Remarks by President Obama and President Buhari of Nigeria Before Bilateral Meeting" (July 20, 2015); Quartz Africa, "Why Obama's 'interference' in the recent Nigerian presidential election…" (2015); TheCable (Nigeria), January 11, 2015.

29. John Kerry flew to Sokoto to visit the Sultan: Secretary of State John Kerry traveled to Sokoto on August 23, 2016, becoming the first U.S. Secretary of State to visit the seat of the Sokoto Caliphate. Kerry met with Sultan Muhammad Sa'ad Abubakar III at the Sultan's Palace and with 19 Northern governors (only 3 of whom were Christian), notably bypassing Southern state governors and Christian leadership. The visit was formally denounced as "divisive" by the Christian Association of Nigeria (CAN) under then-President Rev. Supo Ayokunle. Sources: U.S. Department of State records; Channels Television, "Full Text Of U.S. Secretary Of State John Kerry's Speech In Sokoto," August 23, 2016; Newsweek, "Why John Kerry Visited Nigeria's Sultan of Sokoto," August 31, 2016; VOA News; Vanguard Nigeria; This Day Live.

30. Sultan of Sokoto — like pope and king to 108 million Muslims, Dan Fodio's 20th-generation heir: Muhammad Sa'ad Abubakar III is the 20th Sokoto Caliph, having assumed the throne on November 2, 2006. He is a direct hereditary successor of Usman dan Fodio, founder of the Sokoto Caliphate. He serves as spiritual leader of Nigeria's Muslim population (estimated at approximately 95–108 million depending on methodology) and President-General of the Nigerian Supreme Council for Islamic Affairs (NSCIA). See The Muslim 500 profile; Religions for Peace leadership profiles; Nigerian Supreme Council for Islamic Affairs records.

31. Brigadier General in intel, deployed to Pakistan and Afghanistan during the War on Terror, when we captured Nigerian fighters alongside Taliban: Sultan Muhammad Sa'ad Abubakar III's Nigerian military career: he served as defense attaché to Pakistan from 2003 to 2006, officially accredited concurrently to Afghanistan. His Pakistan posting coincided with the height of U.S. and coalition combat operations in Afghanistan. Nigerian military records; biographical accounts of Muhammad Sa'ad Abubakar III (standard sources). Multiple intelligence assessments and congressional briefings during the mid-2000s referenced Nigerian nationals found embedded with Taliban and al-Qaeda forces in Afghanistan and Pakistan. See Combating Terrorism Center at West Point analyses of foreign fighter flows; Long War Journal reporting on African jihadist networks. Specific hearing transcripts remain classified or difficult to locate in public records.

32. He returned and assumed the throne in 2006. International terror tactics and organizations appeared soon after: Sultan Muhammad Sa'ad Abubakar III assumed the throne November 2, 2006, following his 2003–2006 posting as Nigerian defense attaché to Pakistan, accredited concurrently to Afghanistan, during the height of U.S. and coalition combat operations. Within years of his return, Nigeria's jihadist landscape transformed from a localized domestic insurgency into a hub of transnational Islamist terrorism. The documented sequence: **(1)** Boko Haram was founded in 2002 (Mohammed Yusuf era) as a localized Maiduguri-based preaching movement. **(2)** Following Yusuf's death in police custody in 2009 and Abubakar Shekau's assumption of leadership, the group militarized and adopted tactics previously unseen in Nigeria — suicide bombings, IEDs, and coordinated military-style assaults modeled on Afghanistan-pattern operations. Al-Qaeda support to Shekau's organization during this transition is documented in Crisis Group and academic analyses. **(3)** In 2011 — five years after the Sultan's return from Pakistan/Afghanistan — Ansaru splintered off as the **Nigerian wing of al-Qaeda in the Islamic Maghreb (AQIM)**, formally announcing itself in January 2012 flyers in northern Nigeria. **(4)** In July 2014, Shekau publicly voiced support simultaneously for ISIL's Abu Bakr al-Baghdadi, al-Qaeda's Ayman al-Zawahiri, and Taliban leader Mullah Omar. **(5)** On March 7, 2015, Shekau formally pledged allegiance (bay'ah) to al-Baghdadi. **(6)** In late April 2015, Boko Haram rebranded as **Islamic State West Africa Province (ISWAP)** — the first publicly documented appearance of an ISIS branch in Nigeria. **(7)** In August 2016, ISIS replaced Shekau with Abu Musab al-Barnawi (Mohammed Yusuf's son), creating the current structural split between JAS (Shekau's faction) and ISWAP (ISIS-directed leadership). **(8)** JNIM — al-Qaeda's Sahel franchise, formed in 2017 through the merger of Ansar Dine, AQIM's Sahara region, Al-Mourabitoun, and Katiba Macina — now operates across the Nigeria–Niger border. **(9)** As of 2025, Intersociety documents 22 Islamic terror groups operating or embryonic within Nigeria, with active or potential links to ISIS, AQIM, and global jihad infrastructure. Summary: In a span of approximately five to nine years after the Sultan's return — a man who had served his defense-attaché posting during the precise period when Nigerian fighters were being captured alongside the Taliban and al-Qaeda in Afghanistan — both al-Qaeda (through Ansaru/AQIM) and ISIS (through ISWAP) established organizational footprints inside Nigeria. Correlation does not establish causation; the juxtaposition is

offered as a basis for formal investigation, not as conclusive proof. However, the documented sophistication upgrade in Nigerian jihadist operations immediately following his return — combined with the geographic concentration of the violence within the Sultan's hereditary domain, as documented in Fact Finding Report Part Two (November 2025) — constitutes prima facie grounds for the investigation the author has called for. Sources: Wikipedia entry on Boko Haram; Wikipedia entry on ISWAP and the Boko Haram–ISIS relationship; International Crisis Group, "JAS vs. ISWAP: The War of the Boko Haram Splinters" (March 2024); Program on Extremism, George Washington University, "It's a Bit Tricky: Exploring ISIS's Ties with Boko Haram" (Bukarti, March 2022); U.S. National Counterterrorism Center profile on ISIS–West Africa; ACLED Methodology for Coding Boko Haram and ISWAP Factions; CNN (March 7, 2015); BBC (March 7, 2015); Council on Foreign Relations, "Violent Extremism in the Sahel"; Combating Terrorism Center at West Point analyses of Boko Haram and foreign fighter flows; Mike Arnold, *Official Fact Finding Report Part Two: Findings and Questions on the Origins of Genocide in Nigeria* (November 10, 2025).

33. Has never decreed an end to the killing or mineral looting in his domain, but has called social media a terrorist group: When they challenged his authority over them, the Sultan issued a single fatwa in 2015 discouraging Boko Haram recruitment, which reportedly contributed to a recruitment decline in Kano and Sokoto (author's field analysis cross-referenced with ACLED data; no independent third-party quantified study exists). He has not issued a subsequent authoritative condemnation of other jihadi groups operating in his hereditary domain despite the continuation of mass killings. His characterization of social media as a terrorist threat has been made in multiple public forums, including the 2021 "5th International Conference on Love and Tolerance: Countering Violent Extremism for Peaceful Co-existence" in Abuja. Fact Finding Report Part Two documents the pattern of what the author terms selective exercise of proven authority.

34. In 2025 he publicly supported the push for Sharia in traditionally Christian, Southern states: January 2025: Sultan Muhammad Sa'ad Abubakar III publicly supported the establishment of Sharia arbitration panels in southern Nigerian states including Ekiti and Oyo, stating the panels would cater to "millions of Nigerian citizens" — a direct expansion of Islamic legal structures into traditionally non-Sharia regions. Sources: Daily Trust, "Sultan Approves Sharia Panels in Ekiti, Oyo States" (January 2025); The Nation Nigeria, "Controversy as Sultan Extends Sharia Arbitration to Southwest" (January 2025).

35. President Tinubu — One of his diplomas was issued to a woman, another is from a non-existent school: Documentary irregularities surrounding Bola Ahmed Tinubu's academic credentials are extensively documented in public record. Following an August 2023 application by PDP presidential candidate Atiku Abubakar to a U.S. federal court, Chicago State University (CSU) was compelled to release Tinubu's academic records through the discovery process. The released documents reveal multiple irregularities: **(1) Gender discrepancy on admission transcript:** Tinubu's Southwest College (now Richard J. Daley College) transcript — submitted as the basis for his 1977 CSU admission — identifies the student as "F" (female). CSU has attributed this to "clerical error," but the document itself bears the female designation. **(2) Three different birth years across official records:** Tinubu's CSU transcript records his date of birth as March 29, 1954. His CSU undergraduate admissions application states March 29, 1955. The date he submitted to the Independent National Electoral Commission (INEC) in 2023 is March 29, 1952 — a three-year gap between what he told CSU and what he told INEC. **(3) School that did not exist on the stated date:** Tinubu's 1975 application to Southwest College stated he attended Government College, Lagos, and presented a 1970 GCE A-level result. Government College,

Lagos was established in 1974 by the administration of Brig. Gen. Mobolaji Johnson — four years after the A-level result he presented. **(4) Diploma inconsistencies:** The diploma Tinubu submitted to INEC differs in font, seal, signatures, and wording from authentic CSU diplomas issued in 1979. CSU itself acknowledged in sworn affidavit that the replacement diploma it issued in response to the 2022 subpoena contained errors (incorrect graduation date: June 27 instead of June 22). U.S.-based Nigerian scholar Farooq Kperogi concluded, after analysis of the released CSU documents, that Tinubu did legitimately graduate from CSU in 1979 but that the diploma he submitted to INEC was forged — likely a replacement sourced from Lagos's counterfeit-document market rather than CSU itself. Tinubu's own legal team attributed the discrepancies to CSU errors in responding to what they termed an "illegal subpoena." The Nigerian Presidential Election Petition Court and Supreme Court dismissed Atiku's petition, not on the merits of the document forgery claim, but on procedural and evidentiary grounds. CSU confirmed under sworn affidavit that a "Bola A. Tinubu" attended the university from August 1977 to June 1979 and was awarded a Bachelor of Science in Business Administration with Honors on June 22, 1979. Sources: BBC Global Disinformation Team, "No evidence Tinubu forged Chicago State University diploma" (October 2023); Daily Trust, "Birthday Mismatch, Gender Error, Unanswered Questions As Chicago State University Releases Tinubu's Certificate" (October 2023); Daily Trust, "Fresh Twist as Chicago University says it doesn't have certificate Tinubu presented to INEC"; ThisDay Live, "Tinubu: Chicago University Liable for Discrepancies in My Certificate" (August 25, 2023); Arise News; Sahara Reporters, Farooq Kperogi analysis "Tinubu Attended Chicago State University But Forged CSU Certificate Submitted To INEC" (October 3, 2023); TheCable, "Tinubu's certificate saga, CSU's ambivalence and Atiku's patriotic duty" (October 11, 2023); U.S. District Court for the Northern District of Illinois, Case 1:23-cv-05099 (Abubakar v. Chicago State University discovery proceedings, August 2023); Nigerian Presidential Election Petition Court proceedings (2023).

36. In 1993 he forfeited $460,000 to a federal court in Chicago for heroin trafficking and fled the US: U.S. District Court for the Northern District of Illinois, Case No. 93 C 4483 (*USA v. Acct 263226700, et al.*), settlement order dated September 15, 1993, Judge John A. Nordberg presiding. Civil forfeiture (not criminal conviction) of $460,000 seized from bank accounts at First Heritage Bank, linked to a federal DEA/FBI/IRS heroin-trafficking and money-laundering investigation. Named targets of the investigation: Bola Ahmed Tinubu and Mueez Adegboyega Akande. IRS Special Agent assigned: Kevin Moss. Tinubu returned to Nigeria shortly thereafter. Certified true copies of court documents obtained and published by Peoples Gazette Nigeria (August 2022), authenticated by court clerk Johny Khuu. See Al Jazeera; OCCRP (Organized Crime and Corruption Reporting Project); Sahara Reporters; multiple Nigerian investigative outlets. **Note on nature of proceeding:** The forfeiture was civil, not criminal; there was no criminal conviction. **Subsequent FOIA litigation:** U.S. transparency activist Aaron Greenspan filed a Freedom of Information Act (FOIA) lawsuit on June 12, 2023 (U.S. District Court for the District of Columbia, Case No. 1:23-cv-01816-BAH) seeking release of records from the FBI, DEA, CIA, IRS, EOUSA, and U.S. Department of State regarding the 1993 investigation. All five agencies initially issued "Glomar responses" — refusing to confirm or deny the existence of records. **The CIA's argument for non-disclosure is particularly notable.** In sworn court filings, the CIA argued that confirming or denying the existence of records on Tinubu *"reasonably could be expected to cause damage to U.S. national security by indicating whether or not the CIA maintained any human intelligence sources related to Tinubu, and identifying any access or lack of access any such sources had to intelligence concerning him."* Nigerian journalist David Hundeyin, with whom Greenspan collaborated on the lawsuit, publicly interpreted the CIA's filing as consistent with Tinubu's status as a CIA intelligence asset — an

interpretation the CIA has neither confirmed nor denied. On April 8, 2025, U.S. District Judge Beryl Howell ordered the FBI and DEA to lift their Glomar responses and release non-exempt records, ruling the public interest outweighed privacy interests. The CIA's Glomar response was sustained on procedural grounds (Greenspan had not demonstrated CIA had officially acknowledged records). Approximately 2,500 pages of DEA and FBI investigative files became subject to ordered release through the remainder of 2025; full public release has been pending as of this writing. Sources: U.S. District Court for the District of Columbia, Case No. 1:23-cv-01816-BAH (*Greenspan v. Executive Office for U.S. Attorneys et al.*); Judge Beryl Howell Opinion, April 8, 2025; OCCRP, "U.S. Blocks Records on Nigerian President's Alleged Drug Ties" (November 2024); Premium Times Nigeria, "US court orders FBI, anti-drug agency to release investigation dossiers on Tinubu" (April 13, 2025); TheCable, "US court orders FBI, DEA to release records on Tinubu's investigation" (April 13, 2025); Sahara Reporters, "US Court Orders FBI, DEA To Release Investigative Files On Tinubu Over 1990s Drug Probe" (April 13, 2025); Channels Television (April 13, 2025); Peoples Gazette Nigeria, "No evidence CIA has files on Bola Tinubu…" (April 13, 2025); Vanguard News, "What to know as FBI, others set to release investigation files on Tinubu today" (May 2, 2025); David Hundeyin (West Africa Weekly) reporting; Plainsite.org / Aaron Greenspan case archive.

37. Appointed a man to rewrite the national curriculum whose defining credential is the book The Islamization of Knowledge: President Tinubu appointed Professor Salisu Shehu as Executive Secretary of the Nigerian Educational Research and Development Council (NERDC) in December 2024. Shehu's 1998 book is titled *Islamization of Knowledge: Conceptual Background, Vision and Tasks*. Shehu has served as National Coordinator of the International Institute of Islamic Thought in Nigeria, an organization historically linked to the global "Islamization of Knowledge" academic movement. The appointment coincided with the Tinubu administration's announced reinstatement of Nigerian History as a compulsory subject in the national curriculum after a 15-year absence.

38. New Defense Chief has called the terrorists "prodigal sons who deserve rehabilitation": General Olufemi Oluyede, Chief of Defence Staff, speaking at the inaugural lecture of the Armed Forces Joint Doctrine and Warfare Centre (JDWC) at the Nigerian Army Conference Centre in Abuja, March 26, 2026. Oluyede defended the military's "Operation Safe Corridor" deradicalization program by comparing terrorists to the biblical prodigal son: "So many people have asked that question: why do we need to rehabilitate criminals? They all should be killed because they have killed people. Well, that may make sense. But even in the Bible, we heard about the prodigal son. If there was not that window for the man to come back, would they have come back?... These are Nigerians, mostly. And it's important for us to give them that window to repent." Statement delivered three days before the Palm Sunday massacre at Angwan Rukuba, Jos (March 29, 2026). Sources: SaharaReporters (March 26, 2026); Peoples Gazette Nigeria; Vanguard; Daily Trust; Information Nigeria; Channels Television.

39. NSA Nuhu Ribadu personally called me October 5 to be Nigeria's Jane Fonda: Private phone conversation between the author and Nuhu Ribadu, National Security Adviser to President Tinubu, on October 5, 2025. The conversation — extending an invitation to the author to join a government-organized fact-finding delegation to Abuja the author subsequently attended (October 14, 2025 Fact Finding Mission Press Conference) — is documented in the author's records and referenced in Punch Nigeria, "Alleged Genocide: Why I Prepared My Will Before Coming to Nigeria — Ex-US Mayor Arnold" (October 2025), and in the author's Official Fact Finding Report Part One (released at the October 14 Abuja press conference) and Part Two (released November 10, 2025). The reference to "Jane Fonda"

reflects the author's assessment that he was being recruited to provide a favorable Western voice to legitimize Nigerian government counter-narrative.

40. Armed Miyetti Allah — the Fulani militia chaired by the Sultan and named in HR 7457 for potential FTO designation: In December 2025, armed Miyetti Allah members were arrested in Kwara State, Nigeria, carrying AK-47 rifles in a government security vehicle. They claimed sponsorship by the "Ilorin government." The Kwara State government confirmed the men were operating under a federal security arrangement coordinated through the Office of the National Security Adviser (ONSA). ONSA publicly acknowledged providing rifles to "vigilante groups" including Miyetti Allah under the Terrorism Prevention and Prohibition Act, 2022. Sources: SaharaReporters, "Kwara Govt Confirms Arrested Armed Men Are Miyetti Allah Members," December 16, 2025; TELL Magazine, "ONSA Admits Arming Vigilantes," December 2025; TruthNigeria investigative reporting. Miyetti Allah Cattle Breeders Association of Nigeria (MACBAN) has been identified for potential Foreign Terrorist Organization designation in H.R. 7457 (Nigeria Religious Freedom Accountability Act), introduced in the U.S. Congress.

41. Has publicly called the terrorists his "brothers": Ribadu's use of "brothers" language to describe terrorists operating in Nigeria has been documented in multiple public statements during and after 2025. The framing is consistent with the Oluyede "prodigal sons" framework (Endnote 38) and with the Operation Safe Corridor rehabilitation program launched in 2016. Nigerian opposition and press have repeatedly cited these remarks. See Sahara Reporters, "'Boko Haram Terrorists Not Our Sons Or Brothers,' ADC Berates Tinubu's Defence Chief Oluyede" (March 27, 2026); Daily Trust commentary (April 2026).

42. In December, signed a $9 million lobby contract — same firm that also manages atrocity narratives for Myanmar and Kazakhstan: FARA (Foreign Agents Registration Act) filing, U.S. Department of Justice, December 2025. The Office of the National Security Adviser (ONSA), through Aster Legal (a Kaduna-based law firm, Oyetunji Olalekan Teslim, Managing Partner), engaged DCI Group (Washington, D.C.-based public affairs firm, Justin Peterson, Managing Member) on December 17, 2025. Contract value: $9 million total ($4.5 million paid upfront December 12, 2025; $750,000 monthly retainer; automatic six-month renewal). Contract scope: "communicating [Nigerian government] actions to protect Nigeria's Christian communities and in maintaining US support for counter-terrorism efforts." Sources: BusinessDay NG; TheCable; The Guardian (Nigeria); PRNigeria; Sahara Reporters; The Africa Report investigation (January 14, 2026). DCI Group has publicly performed prior work for the government of Myanmar during the Rohingya crisis, and for Kazakhstan following the January 2022 violence. DCI Group's Jim Murphy served as Trump 2016 campaign national political director.

43. Massad Boulos — Trump's Senior Advisor for Africa: Massad Fares Boulos, born 1971 in Batroun, Lebanon. Appointed U.S. Senior Advisor for Africa at the U.S. Department of State, April 1, 2025 (announced by State Department Spokesperson Tammy Bruce). Concurrently serves as Senior Advisor to the President on Arab and Middle Eastern Affairs (appointed December 2024). Boulos is the father of Michael Boulos, husband of Tiffany Trump. The family long maintained its primary business residence in Lagos, Nigeria. Boulos serves as CEO of SCOA Nigeria PLC (a Nigerian automotive and heavy-machinery conglomerate). Sources: U.S. State Department press release (April 1, 2025); Wikipedia entry on Massad Boulos; BusinessDay Nigeria; The Star (Kenya); ThisDay Live.

44. Holds multiple citizenships including Nigerian... profits from multi-billion dollar no-bid contracts issued by Tinubu to his close associate: Boulos family citizenship holdings — Lebanese, American, French, and Nigerian — are publicly reported across multiple Nigerian and international sources, including the December 2024 SCOA Nigeria press statement issued in defense of Boulos's U.S. appointment. The direct operational link between Boulos's SCOA Nigeria PLC and the Tinubu-Chagoury contract empire is a matter of public record — disclosed in SCOA's own press statement: **(1)** SCOA Nigeria PLC publicly lists "the Chagoury Group" among its principal clients. **(2)** SCOA has publicly stated that Hi-Tech Construction — the Chagoury Group subsidiary awarded the Lagos-Calabar Coastal Highway project — *"depends significantly on SCOA PLC for the machinery"* to build that highway, specifically naming the 700km Lagos-Calabar Coastal Highway and the Lagos-Badagry-Sokoto road network. **(3)** The Lagos-Calabar Coastal Highway is an estimated $13 billion no-bid contract (₦15.7 trillion / approximately $12.56 billion at 2024 rates), the largest single infrastructure contract in Nigerian history. **(4)** Section 1 (47 kilometers / ₦1.06 trillion / approximately $670 million) was awarded to Hi-Tech Construction via what Minister of Works David Umahi described as "restrictive procurement" — without open competitive bidding. Subsequent sections followed similar non-competitive processes. Opposition leader and former Vice President Atiku Abubakar and multiple civil society organizations have filed legal challenges alleging violation of Nigeria's Public Procurement Act 2007. **(5)** The Chagoury-Tinubu business relationship dates to at least 2007, when then-Governor Tinubu granted the Chagoury Group title to 10 million square meters of Lagos seashore — land now housing the Chagoury-owned Eko Atlantic City development where the Lagos-Calabar Coastal Highway begins. **(6)** The Tinubu and Chagoury families are business partners across generations: President Tinubu's son Oluwaseyi Tinubu and Ronald Chagoury Jr. (son of Gilbert Chagoury) were shareholders together in a British Virgin Islands offshore company — revealed through the ICIJ (International Consortium of Investigative Journalists) leaked corporate documents. Oluwaseyi Tinubu is a director of CDK Integrated Industries, a Chagoury Group subsidiary. **(7)** Gilbert Chagoury has a documented criminal-financial history: convicted in Switzerland in 2000 of laundering money for former Nigerian military dictator Sani Abacha; banned from receiving U.S. visas on terrorism grounds for alleged funding of a Lebanese political coalition (Free Patriotic Movement / Michel Aoun) aligned with Hezbollah; and implicated in U.S. campaign finance violations (the 2022 conviction of former U.S. Rep. Jeff Fortenberry for concealing illegal campaign contributions from Chagoury). **(8)** Chagoury was listed by the Nigerian government as Tinubu's *"confidante"* in the official delegation to the COP28 climate conference in Dubai (December 2023). **(9)** The April 2025 Tinubu-Boulos meeting in Paris was facilitated by Chagoury. **The composite picture:** Boulos is Trump's Senior Advisor for Africa; his family company supplies the construction equipment enabling Tinubu's largest no-bid contract; that contract flows to Chagoury (Tinubu's convicted-money-launderer confidante and Boulos's business client); Chagoury's son and Tinubu's son jointly owned an offshore BVI company together. The structural conflict of interest is layered, documented, and continues to operate. Sources: OCCRP, "Sons of Nigerian President and His Tycoon Friend Owned a Company Together" (2024); OCCRP source from ICIJ leaked documents; Bloomberg News via BusinessDay NG, "Transparency International mocks award of coastal highway contract to Gilbert Chagoury" (May 23, 2024); Sahara Reporters, "How Tinubu's Son, Seyi and Son of His Lebanese Tycoon Friend Awarded $13Billion Lagos-Calabar Highway Project, Ronald Chagoury Owned Company Together" (August 2024); Sahara Reporters, "Atiku Berates Non-Disclosure Of Lagos-Calabar Coastal Highway Details Awarded To Tinubu's Lebanese Business Partner, Chagoury" (April 8, 2024); SCOA Nigeria PLC official press statement, December 2024, signed by Magnus Onyibe, Non-Executive Independent Director and Chairman of Audit Committee; TheBoss Newspaper, "Massad Boulos: Inside Story of SCOA Nigeria

CEO" (December 16, 2024); Leadership Nigeria, "Celebrating Legacy Of Boulos' Leadership At SCOA Nigeria" (December 17, 2024); Punch Nigeria, "SCOA defends Boulos on Trump's appointment" (December 16, 2024); TheCable Nigeria, "Umahi: Tinubu didn't recommend any company for Lagos-Calabar highway project" (March 16, 2025); The Guardian Nigeria, "That controversial Lagos-Calabar coastal highway project" (April 30, 2024); Los Angeles Times investigation of Chagoury (August 30, 2016); Federal High Court of Nigeria Case FHC/ABJ/CS/1700/2024 (Kingdom Human Rights Foundation International v. Tinubu et al., Justice Binta Nyako presiding).

EXAMPLES OF ONGOING FAILURES AND IMPUNITY

45. Ngoshe, Borno State — wiped out in the Gwoza Massacre of 2014: The Gwoza Massacre of June 2, 2014, killed an estimated 300–500 civilians across Goshe, Attagara, Agapalwa, Aganjara, and surrounding villages in Gwoza Local Government Area, Borno State. Boko Haram fighters declared Gwoza town the seat of a "caliphate" on August 6, 2014. See Wikipedia entry on the 2014 Gwoza Massacre; contemporaneous Nigerian press coverage; Amnesty International documentation.

46. The government recently assured refugees in Cameroon it was safe and paid them to return: Under the Tinubu administration and Borno State Governor Babagana Zulum, a coordinated resettlement program repatriated Nigerian refugees from Cameroon to resettled communities in southern Borno, including Ngoshe, during 2024–early 2026. January 27, 2026: 68 households/368 individuals repatriated to the Tunomari–Takomari axis. February 4, 2026: 20 households/111 individuals from Jebere, Cameroon. These followed Tinubu spokesman declarations in 2024 that Boko Haram had been "defeated." Sources: UNICEF Nigeria Humanitarian Flash Update No. 1, March 9, 2026 (covering the attack on Ngoshe); Nigerian government press releases; HumAngle reporting.

47. Within weeks, on March 3, Boko Haram slaughtered dozens, more than 300 abducted into slavery, including the wife and daughter of a personal acquaintance: Ngoshe attack, Tuesday evening March 3, 2026 (continuing into March 4 during Ramadan). Boko Haram fighters overran the 82 Division Task Force Battalion forward operating base at approximately 6:25 p.m., then swept through Ngoshe town and an adjacent IDP camp. Sources: HumAngle (March 7, 2026) — confirmed attack began March 3 evening with eyewitness survivor Solomon Ali Talake testimony; Associated Press / Washington Post ("Islamic militants abduct more than 300 people in northeastern Nigeria, officials say," March 6, 2026); Vanguard Nigeria (quoting Senator Ali Ndume); Channels Television; Daily Trust; Christian Solidarity International reporting (dozens killed, hundreds displaced); Open Doors reporting. Boko Haram held the town for at least five days, publicly declaring it a re-established "caliphate" in a propaganda video. A subsequent Boko Haram propaganda video (Naija News, April 10, 2026) displayed 416 abducted victims under the captors' control. The author's personal acquaintance — identified privately — lost his wife and daughter to abduction in this attack. Military response (air component and 82 Division reinforcement) was delayed; approximately 200 Nigerian soldiers reportedly abandoned the position, with only 36 remaining.

48. Deborah Samuel Yakubu — 2022, college student: Deborah Samuel (Emmanuel) Yakubu, second-year Home Economics student at Shehu Shagari College of Education, Sokoto State, Nigeria. Killed on May 12, 2022. Christian, member of Evangelical Church Winning All (ECWA) in her native Tungan Magajiya, Rijau County, Niger State. She had posted in a class WhatsApp group that she had passed her exams thanks to Christ, after which she was accused of blasphemy by Muslim classmates.

Sources: Morning Star News; Open Doors UK and Ireland; Wikipedia entry on Lynching of Deborah Yakubu; UCA News; multiple Nigerian outlets; BBC; Associated Press.

49. As professors and police watched, she was beaten, stoned, tires heaped on her, and burned alive while students filmed selfies: On May 12, 2022, college staff initially tried to evacuate Yakubu to a security room. A Muslim student mob forcibly extracted her. Per witnesses, security forces at the scene fired tear gas and warning shots but failed to disperse the mob. She was stoned to death; tires were placed on her body, and she was set ablaze. Video footage of the killing, recorded by participating students, circulated widely on social media (subsequently removed by multiple platforms). Two suspects were arrested and charged only with "criminal conspiracy and incitement of public disturbance" (maximum two-year sentence). The court acquitted the defendants citing non-appearance of prosecution lawyers. Sources: Wikipedia (Lynching of Deborah Yakubu); Sahara Reporters; Human rights lawyer Ebun-Olu Adegboruwa public statement. Multiple additional sources as listed above.

50. The deputy imam of the national mosque publicly justified it: Professor Ibrahim Maqari, Deputy Chief Imam of Abuja's National Mosque, posted on his verified Twitter account on May 13, 2022: "It should be known to everyone that we the Muslims have some redlines beyond which MUST NOT be crossed. The dignity of the Prophet (PBUH) is at the forefront of the redlines. If our grievances are not properly addressed, then we should not be criticized for addressing them ourselves." Nobel laureate Wole Soyinka publicly demanded Maqari's removal and prosecution "under any existing laws that approximate hate rhetoric, incitement to murder and abuse of office." Maqari was not removed, not prosecuted, and not sanctioned. He subsequently officiated President Buhari's daughter's wedding. Sources: Daily Post Nigeria (May 13, 2022); Sahara Reporters; Peoples Gazette; Punch; News of Nigeria; YabaLeftOnline.

51. Nnamdi Kanu — British-Nigerian broadcaster from London — illegally abducted from Kenya, tried under a defunct law, now serving life in Sokoto for words spoken in Great Britain: Nnamdi Kanu, leader of the Indigenous People of Biafra (IPOB) and founder of Radio Biafra. British-Nigerian dual national. Abducted from Kenya in June 2021 in what international human rights organizations have characterized as an extraordinary rendition. Returned to Nigerian custody. November 2025: convicted on terrorism-related charges and sentenced to life imprisonment. Law under which portions of his conviction were based had been nullified by an Enugu High Court in 2023. Within 24 hours of sentencing, transferred approximately 800 kilometers to Sokoto — seat of the Sokoto Caliphate — far from his family and legal counsel. Sources: Nigerian court records; Amnesty International statements on trial irregularities; Al Jazeera; BBC; multiple Nigerian and international news outlets.

52. A northern imam recently offered a one million naira bounty for the head of a pastor, then doubled it to taunt his critics: April 2026: A northern Nigeria-based Islamic cleric publicly placed a ₦1 million (approximately $670 USD at April 2026 exchange rates) bounty on the head of an unnamed Christian pastor accused of insulting Prophet Muhammad. Following public calls for the cleric's arrest, he publicly doubled the bounty to ₦2 million in a Hausa-language video recording, openly daring Nigeria's Department of State Services (DSS) to arrest him: "I still stand by the contract I have that whoever can behead the pastor who insulted the prophet of God will get one million naira... So, because I said N1 million and SaharaReporters is calling for my arrest, I'm now increasing it by another N1 million; it is now N2 million." Sources: SaharaReporters, "Northern Islamic Cleric Reaffirms N1million Bounty On Pastor For Alleged Blasphemy As DSS Keeps Mum" (April 15, 2026); SaharaReporters, "Northern Nigerian Islamic Cleric Increases N1Million Bounty On Pastor's Head To N2Million" (April 17, 2026); TELL Magazine, "Outrage in Jos as ₦1 Million Bounty Threat Against Pastor Sparks Nationwide Tension"; Daily

Post Nigeria; Linda Ikeji's Blog; NewsGhana. As of the author's submission, no charges filed, no arrest executed, no formal government condemnation issued.

THE NARRATIVE WAR

53. "Farmer-herder" and "climate change" framing started in the Obama State Department. Original reference document written by a career Sharia propagandist hired by George Soros for the job:

The dominant Western interpretive framework treating Nigeria's violence as a "farmer-herder conflict" driven by "climate change" was substantially established through the International Crisis Group (ICG), beginning with Africa Report No. 252, *"Herders Against Farmers: Nigeria's Expanding Deadly Conflict,"* published September 19, 2017 — ten months after President Trump's election and precisely when evangelical-based pressure for U.S. action on Christian persecution in Nigeria was building. The 40-page ICG report established the interpretive scaffolding repeated thereafter by UN agencies, Western diplomats, academic researchers, and major Western media. Subsequent ICG outputs developing the framework include *"Stopping Nigeria's Spiralling Farmer-Herder Violence"* (July 2018) and the *"Livestock Reform Plan"* framework (2021). The principal architect of this framework is **Nnamdi Obasi**, ICG's Nigeria Senior Adviser since 2006 (with a brief interruption). The career trail:

> **(1) Concord Newspapers editorial board, 1984–1994.** Concord was owned by Chief MKO Abiola — a Muslim political figure who held the title *"Baba Adinni of Yorubaland,"* bestowed on him by Muslim clerics for his service to Islam; who actively campaigned for the introduction of Sharia courts in southwestern (traditionally Christian and syncretic) Nigeria; and who pushed Nigeria's entry into the Organisation of Islamic Countries (OIC). Obasi was not a reporter at this paper — he was among the writers who assembled Abiola's presidential political manifesto, *"Farewell to Poverty."* He served as political ghostwriter for a Sharia-advancing Muslim patron for a full decade.
>
> **(2) Centre for Strategic Studies and Research, National Defence College, Abuja.** Obasi moved from Concord to Nigeria's apex military training institution — governed at the top by the Muslim-dominated federal military hierarchy (Minister of Defence, Chief of Defence Staff, the three service chiefs), appointments controlled by the northern Islamic political establishment. He rose to Head of the Department of Peacekeeping and Humanitarian Affairs. This was the in-house civilian-intellectual apparatus framing the Nigerian military's operations for external consumption — the same military whose officers would later stand down during Fulani attacks on Christian villages.
>
> **(3) International Crisis Group, 2006–present.** ICG's seed money came from George Soros in 1994. Soros and his Open Society Foundations have funded ICG continuously since. In April 2022 — as Trump's return to power was becoming a realistic prospect — Open Society Foundations gave ICG a $20 million grant specifically to expand its network of local advocates "particularly in the Global South." ICG's 47-member Board of Trustees includes: the Chairman and founder of the Gulf Research Center (Saudi Arabia); the former Director General of Al Jazeera Network (Qatar's state-funded media arm); and the former Foreign Minister of the Palestinian Authority. In January 2018 — precisely when Nigeria genocide documentation was gaining international traction and Trump's first administration was newly in power — **Robert Malley** became ICG President and CEO.

Malley had been cut from the Obama 2008 campaign after it emerged he had held unauthorized meetings with Hamas, designated as a Foreign Terrorist Organization by the U.S. government.

(4) The career describes a pattern. From a pro-Sharia Muslim patron's political editorial board, to the narrative apparatus of the northern Islamist-dominated military establishment, to a Soros-seeded think tank with Saudi Arabia and Al Jazeera in its boardroom and a former Hamas contact as CEO. Across four decades and three institutions, Obasi has served as the civilian-intellectual instrument of exactly the political-religious power structures whose interests the "farmer-herder climate" framework protects.

(5) The informational effect is measurable and severe. By 2024, peer-reviewed academic research was explicitly labeling religious-causation analysis of Nigerian violence as "conspiratorial" while presenting climate-causation as settled fact. One published study found that when Nigerian residents were told climate change was the primary driver of the violence, **they became more supportive of accommodating Fulani attackers** — the narrative functioning not merely as denial but as a psychological instrument generating sympathy for perpetrators. In the specific regions where Fulani attacks are concentrated, three Christians die for every Muslim killed; in the specific states where attacks occur, Christians are killed at a rate 5.2 times higher than Muslims relative to their share of the population. No climate model produces a 5.2-to-1 Christian kill ratio. That is targeting, not weather.

(6) The amplification circuit operates continuously. Every time Nigerian Christian genocide is raised by U.S. officials or Congressional delegations, Western outlets — CNN, Financial Times, Bloomberg, Reuters, *The Guardian*, *The New York Times* — route to Obasi for the counter-framing. In January 2026, when the *New York Times* published its hit piece on Emeka Umeagbalasi (the Nigerian Christian researcher whose Intersociety documentation records 125,000 Christian deaths, 20,000 destroyed churches, and widespread land seizure), it was Obasi who delivered the discrediting quote — calling Umeagbalasi's life work *"a total blank"* with *"very, very faulty"* arithmetic. The Times did not disclose that Obasi came from a Sharia-advocacy newspaper, that he ran narrative for the northern Islamist military establishment, or that his ICG employer is seeded by Soros and governed in part by Saudi Arabia, Qatar, and the Palestinian Authority.

Sources: International Crisis Group public staff biography of Nnamdi Obasi (crisisgroup.org); ICG Africa Report No. 252, *"Herders Against Farmers: Nigeria's Expanding Deadly Conflict"* (September 19, 2017); ICG, *"Stopping Nigeria's Spiralling Farmer-Herder Violence"* (July 2018); MKO Abiola biographical record and documented political advocacy for Sharia courts and OIC membership; Open Society Foundations grant disclosures, April 2022; ICG Board of Trustees public roster; biographical record of Robert Malley including 2008 Obama campaign removal and subsequent January 2018 ICG presidency; Intersociety (International Society for Civil Liberties and Rule of Law) documentation of Christian deaths, church destruction, and population displacement in Nigeria's Middle Belt; Open Doors World Watch List methodology; Amnesty International documentation of conditions in Benue State IDP camps (2025); Mike Arnold, *"ORIGIN OF THE FALSE NARRATIVE"* (mikearnold.org, March 23, 2026); peer-reviewed academic studies on Nigerian public opinion response to climate-framed versus religiously-framed violence narratives.

54. At least $10 million in confirmed US lobbying contracts are now running: Documented U.S. lobbying contracts on behalf of the Nigerian government and/or allied Nigerian political interests, 2024–2026, exceed $10 million in aggregate FARA filings. Major components include: (1) DCI Group: $9 million (December 2025 contract; see Endnote 42); (2) Johanna Blanc: $5,000 contract to draft a congressional invitation letter from Nigerian Senate President Godswill Akpabio to Rep. Chris Smith, chair of the House Foreign Affairs Subcommittee on Africa (FARA filing); (3) earlier contracts with Valcour LLC, BGR Government Affairs, and Adomi Advisory Group associated with Maton Engineering Nigeria Limited and related Nigerian political interests (FARA filings 2024). See SaharaReporters reporting (January 14, 2026); The Africa Report; author's own FARA-based investigative series at MikeArnold.org.

55. Since 2009 they have slaughtered as many as 125,000 Christians and 60,000 peaceful Muslims: Intersociety (International Society for Civil Liberties and Rule of Law), cumulative tracking 2009–October 2025. Per Intersociety's latest public compilation as of October 2025: approximately 185,000 Nigerians killed for faith-related reasons since 2009, including 125,000 Christians and 60,000 "liberal," "nonviolent," or "moderate" Muslims. Also documented: 19,100 churches destroyed, 1,100 Christian communities displaced or seized, 600 clerics abducted (250 Catholic priests, 350 pastors), more than 15 million estimated displaced. Intersociety Director: Emeka Umeagbalasi. Sources: Newsweek, "7,000 Christians Have Been Killed in Nigeria This Year, Group Says" (August 20, 2025); Catholic World Report (August 12 and November 20, 2025); The Catholic Register (September 24, 2025); FactCheck aggregator (October 26, 2025). Intersociety's Q1 2026 update (April 2026) adds approximately 1,400 additional Christian deaths in the January–April 2026 window (BusinessDay NG, April 2026; Megastar Magazine). Note on methodology: Intersociety uses a broad faith-linked framework. The Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project (ACLED), using a narrower "targeted political violence" definition, reports approximately 53,000 civilian deaths across both faiths since 2009. Both methodologies have acknowledged limitations; neither is definitive. Intersociety's on-the-ground documentation captures incidents that ACLED's media-dependent methodology may miss.

THE EMERGENCY

56. As many as ten to twelve million are now displaced, mostly youth: Nigerian government (National Emergency Management Agency / NEMA) officially reports approximately 3.3–4 million internally displaced persons (IDPs). Field estimates from humanitarian organizations operating in Northern and Middle Belt displacement camps, cross-referenced with the author's 16 trips and documented field work since 2010, place the actual IDP population at 10–12 million. The discrepancy reflects systematic Nigerian government non-recognition of informal and unofficial camps. See Open Doors World Watch List; Intersociety; author's field documentation forming the basis of the forthcoming documentary Me & Ms. Hanatu. Humanitarian estimates cited in Catholic World Report (November 2025) place displaced persons, mostly Christians, at approximately 15 million.

57. Fifty to sixty percent radicalization projected by 2030 without intervention... 5 to 6 million more jihadists: Open Doors International estimates 50–60% radicalization risk among displaced youth lacking access to education and opportunity. Applied to the author's field estimate of 10–12 million actual IDPs (versus the official Nigerian government figure of 3.3–4 million), this yields a projection of 5–6 million potential radicals by 2030 absent meaningful intervention. See Open Doors World Watch List methodology; author's field documentation; EPICENTER Endnote 38 for detailed methodology. Projection is analytical, not a certainty.

58. Most are denied by the government, who call them beggars, criminals, vagrants: Nigerian government and allied Nigerian media language referring to IDPs in Abuja, the Middle Belt, and adjoining areas has consistently employed terms including "beggars," "criminals," "vagrants," "almajiri," and "itinerants." In December 2024, Borno State Governor Babagana Zulum ordered all official IDP camps closed. See Human Rights Watch reporting on Zulum's order; Nigerian news sources; author's direct field documentation of government denial of camp existence and identity of displaced persons.

59. In 2015 UNHCR documented multiple displacement camps in Abuja. Today it denies those camps exist: UNHCR (United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees) and IOM documentation of displacement camps in and around Abuja, the Federal Capital Territory, dating to 2015, is on record in publicly available UN reporting from that period. Current UNHCR and IOM reporting — and Nigerian government communications to international bodies — has removed recognition of many of these same camps. Author has documented continuous operation of multiple such camps the author has personally served since 2019. See author's field archive.

60. I have run schools in those same camps since 2020, more than 600 students today: Africa Arise International, founded and chaired by the author, has operated schools for displaced children in IDP camps in and around Abuja since 2020. Current enrollment exceeds 600 students. Primary ground team includes Pastor Jed D'Grace (Abuja operations), Enoch Yohanna (IDP Community Liaison), and Uzoamaka D'Grace (administration). Organization records, financial disclosures, and the formal recognition letter from former President Goodluck Ebele Jonathan (dated April 27, 2024, Office of Goodluck Ebele Jonathan, Abuja) are on file.

WHAT MUST HAPPEN

61. Since CPC designation, killing and impunity have only gotten worse: President Donald Trump redesignated Nigeria as a Country of Particular Concern (CPC) under the International Religious Freedom Act on October 31, 2025. Documented violence against Christian communities has continued and intensified since the designation, including the March 3 Ngoshe massacre (Endnote 47), the Kwara State church attacks (February–March 2026), the Palm Sunday Angwan Rukuba massacre (March 29, 2026, ~27 killed; Open Doors confirmed 14 at scene, 13 later in hospital), and the April 2026 Jos pastor bounty case (Endnote 52). Sources: State Department announcement of CPC redesignation (October 31, 2025); Open Doors reporting; Christian Solidarity International; Intersociety Q1 2026 update; multiple U.S. congressional statements including Rep. Chris Smith (R-NJ), Chair of the House Foreign Affairs Africa Subcommittee, statement on Palm Sunday attacks.

62. Intentional denial of recognition and aid to displaced in this circumstance meets the legal standard of genocide: United Nations Convention on the Prevention and Punishment of the Crime of Genocide (1948), Article II. Genocide includes acts committed with intent to destroy, in whole or in part, a national, ethnical, racial, or religious group, including (c) deliberately inflicting on the group conditions of life calculated to bring about its physical destruction in whole or in part. Deliberate non-recognition of IDPs combined with denial of humanitarian aid and active obstruction of international assistance, where documented, meets the conditions-of-life standard where intent can be inferred from pattern. Legal analysis draws on ICTY, ICTR, and ICJ genocide jurisprudence. The author does not render a legal verdict but asserts that the factual pattern meets the threshold to merit formal international investigation.

63. Tinubu was declared winner with some 8 million votes in a nation of 230 million: Nigerian Independent National Electoral Commission (INEC) official results, February 25, 2023 presidential election. Tinubu declared winner with 8,794,726 votes (approximately 36.6% of valid votes cast). Total registered voters: 93,469,008. Total valid votes: 24,025,940 (turnout approximately 26.7%). Nigerian total population: approximately 230–240 million. Opposition parties (PDP, Labour, NNPP) rejected the results and filed legal challenges; EU Election Observation Mission characterized the election as lacking transparency. Sources: INEC official results; Al Jazeera; CNN; Reuters; This Day Live; Vanguard Nigeria; International Republican Institute / National Democratic Institute joint observer mission report.

64. Like so many other British colonial contraptions designed to fail, separation is likely inevitable — and just: Analytical characterization drawing on the colonial-era orchestration of Nigerian federal structure (Harold Smith confession, Endnote 13), the Biafran independence question (Endnote 17), the 1999 Constitution's imposition (Endnote 19), and the persistent structural Northern political dominance documented throughout this briefing. Historical parallels to British colonial partitions that ultimately failed or required substantial restructuring include India-Pakistan (1947), Sudan-South Sudan (2011), the dissolution of British Somaliland, and Cyprus. The formal position of Africa Arise International and related initiatives including the proposed Covenant Republic framework advocates for a freely-chosen constitutional future determined through referendum by the Nigerian people.

THE AUTHOR

65. Mike Arnold — standing and credentials: Mike Arnold is founder and Chairman of Africa Arise International (Nigeria) and Africa Arise USA, former Mayor of Blanco, Texas, author of *EPICENTER: Nigeria, Radical Islam, and the War for Global Order* (#1 Amazon bestseller in multiple categories, 2026), and Executive Producer of the forthcoming documentary Me & Ms. Hanatu. He holds the Igbo chieftaincy title Eze Okechukwunenye ("the king whom God has favored") and is known across Nigeria as "EarthShaker." Sixteen trips to Nigeria between 2010 and 2025, including multiple trips under U.S. State Department Level 4 "Do Not Travel" advisories. Field credentials also include missions to Brazil, Tanzania, Kenya and two trips to the Mosquito Coast of Honduras. The October 14, 2025 Abuja press conference, to which he was invited by National Security Advisor Nuhu Ribadu, generated more than 3 billion global impressions in 72 hours and prompted an emergency session of the Nigerian Senate the same day. Full biographical and documentation record available at MikeArnold.org.

Mike Arnold

Africa Arise International | MikeArnold.org

#EarthShaker